

Anti-dumping duty by EU on Indian bed linen exports

1700. SHRI K.M. SAIFULLAH:
SHRI SOLIPETA RAM-
ACHANDRA REDDY:

Will the Minister of TEXTILES be pleased to state:

(a) whether India has complained to the World Trade Organisation against the European Union for anti-dumping duty imposed on its bed linen exports;

(b) if so, whether any settlement/understanding has been offered by the European Union; and

(c) the latest position in regard to the dispute and the linen exports to E.U.?

THE MINISTER OF TEXTILES (SHRI KASHIRMAN RANA): (a) to (c) India has entered into consultations with the European Commission (EC) pursuant to Article 4 of the Understanding on Rules and Procedures Governing the Settlement of Disputes, Article XXIII of the General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade 1994 and Article 17 of the Agreement on Implementation of Article VI of GATT 1994 regarding imposition of anti-dumping duties on imports of cotton type bed-linen from India. However, the EC has not offered any settlement/understanding in the matter so far. During the year 1998, the exports of bed linen to the EU Member States amounted to 20,144 tonnes valued at Rs. 529.87 crores.

Import of Raw Silk by Indian Silk Industry

1701. SHRI ANIL SHARMA: Will the Minister of TEXTILES be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that Indian Silk Industry is importing raw silk on a very large scale;

(b) if so, figures of import of raw silk during last three years;

(c) what are the reasons for increase in the import of silk;

(d) whether Government propose to chalk out any programme for production of silk; and

(e) if so, the details thereof and when the programme will start working?

THE MINISTER OF TEXTILES (SHRI KASHIRMAN RANA): (a) and (b) The facility of importing duty free raw silk is provided under the Duty Exemption Scheme to exporters. In addition, in October, 1998, the Government has permitted the import of mulberry raw silk under SIL with the condition that the CIF (Cost, Insurance and Freight) value of the surrendered SIL shall be three times the CIF value of the imported goods. The import of silk continues to be in the restricted list. The imports of raw silk during the last three years as indicated below has shown a declining trend:

Year	Quantity
1995-96	4149 Tonnes
1996-97	2911 Tonnes
1997-98	2760 Tonnes (Prov.)

(c) Does not arise.

(d) and (e) Yes, Sir. In order to supplement the efforts of the State Sericulture Departments, the Central Silk Board (CSB) is implementing a number of schemes/projects/programmes for promoting development of all the four types of silk. These include schemes for extension of R&D training, infrastructural & extension support to the sector through network of CSB's units & implementation of certain developmental/incentive/financial assistance schemes for encouraging adoption of modern sericultural practices for production of quality silk. Besides, the Central Silk Board has also taken up sericultural project like World bank assisted National Sericulture Project (covering 17 States), Action Plan for seven States of North Eastern region etc., in association/collaboration with the States. In addition 36 catalytic developmental schemes have been approved by the Government for implementation during IXth Five Year Plan.

चीन से रॉ-सिल्क का आयात

1702. श्री रामजीलाल: क्या वस्त्र मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि:

(क) क्या यह सच है कि सरकार ने चीन से कच्चा सिल्क (रॉ-सिल्क) का आयात करने का निर्णय लिया है;